



Human LOXL2 ELISA Kit

User's Manual

For Research Use Only, Not for use in diagnostic procedures

ELISA Kit for Measuring Human LOXL2

CircuLex Human LOXL2 ELISA Kit

Cat# CY-8100

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Intended Use

The CycLex Research Product **CircuLex Human LOXL2 ELISA Kit** is used for the quantitative measurement of human LOXL2 in cell culture supernatant and other biological media.

This assay kit is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Storage

- Upon receipt store all components at 4°C.
- Don't expose reagents to excessive light.

For Reference Purpose Only! Please refer to the user manual that came with your product.

Introduction

Lysyl oxidase-like 2 (LOXL2) is a member of the lysyl oxidase (LOX) protein family that consists of five members (1). All the members of the family contain a highly conserved carboxy-terminal copper-binding domain and a lysyl-tyrosyl quinone cofactor, which are necessary for the amine oxidase activity of these extracellular matrix enzymes (1, 2), and the N-terminal more divergent scavenger receptor cysteine-rich domain, which is thought to determine the individual role and tissue distribution of each isoenzyme (3). In addition to its biological role in proper elastic fiber homeostasis and cardiovascular system development (4, 5), the LOX family proteins has recently been implicated in tumorigenesis and metastasis (6, 7).

Up-regulation of LOXL2 has been reported in breast, colon (8), esophageal (8), head- and-neck (9), and oral squamous cell carcinomas (10) and pancreatic cancer (11), although its down-regulation of LOXL2 mRNA has been reported in head and neck squamous cell carcinomas (12). It was also reported that LOXL2 overexpression promotes the invasiveness of tumor cells in vivo and in vitro (13, 14). In addition, LOXL2 protein was detected in the serum of 83% of patients with chronic HCV infection, but was not detected in serum from normal healthy donors. This result indicates that LOXL2 is a promising candidate biomarker for the non-invasive assessment of liver fibrosis.

Principle of the Assay

The CycLex Research Product **CircuLex Human LOXL2 ELISA Kit** employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. An antibody specific for human LOXL2 is pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and the immobilized antibody binds any human LOXL2 present. After washing away any unbound substances, an HRP conjugated monoclonal antibody specific for human LOXL2 is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody HRP conjugate, the remaining conjugate is allowed to react with the substrate H₂O₂-tetramethylbenzidine. The reaction is stopped by addition of acidic solution and absorbance of the resulting yellow product is measured at 450 nm. The absorbance is proportional to the concentration of human LOXL2. A standard curve is constructed by plotting absorbance values versus human LOXL2 concentrations of calibrators, and concentrations of unknown samples are determined using this standard curve.

Summary of Procedure

Add 100 µL of diluted samples to the wells



Incubate for 1 hour at room temp.

Wash the wells



Add 100 µL of HRP conjugated anti-human LOXL2 antibody



Incubate for 1 hour at room temp.

Wash the wells



Add 100 µL of Substrate Reagent



Add 100 µL of Stop Solution



Measure absorbance at 450 nm

Materials Provided

All samples and standards should be assayed in duplicate. The following components are supplied and are sufficient for the one 96-well microplate kit.

Microplate: One microplate supplied ready to use, with 96 wells (12 strips of 8-wells) in a foil, zip-lock bag with a desiccant pack. Wells are coated with anti-human LOXL2 antibody as a capture antibody.

10X Wash Buffer: One bottle containing 100 mL of 10X buffer containing 1.3% Tween®-20

Dilution Buffer: One bottle containing 50 mL of 1X buffer; use for reconstitution of Human LOXL2 Standard and sample dilution. Ready to use.

Human LOXL2 Standard: One vial containing 100 ng of lyophilized recombinant human LOXL2.

HRP conjugated Detection Antibody: One bottle containing 12 mL of HRP (horseradish peroxidase) conjugated anti-human LOXL2 monoclonal antibody (KH-2A7). Ready to use.

Substrate Reagent: One bottle containing 20 mL of the chromogenic substrate, tetra-methylbenzidine (TMB). Ready to use.

Stop Solution: One bottle containing 20 mL of 1 N H₂SO₄. Ready to use.

Materials Required but not Provided

- **Pipettors:** 2-20 μ L, 20-200 μ L and 200-1000 μ L precision pipettors with disposable tips
- **Precision repeating pipettor**
- **Orbital microplate shaker**
- **Microcentrifuge and tubes** for sample preparation
- **Vortex mixer**
- **Microplate washer:** optional (Manual washing is possible but not preferable)
- **Plate reader:** capable of measuring absorbance in 96-well plates at dual wavelengths of 450/540 nm. Dual wavelengths of 450/550 or 450/595 nm can also be used. The plate can also be read at a single wavelength of 450 nm, which will give a somewhat higher reading
- **Software package facilitating data generation and analysis:** optional
- **500 or 1000 mL graduated cylinder**
- **Reagent reservoirs**
- **Deionized water of the highest quality**
- **Disposable paper towels**

Precautions and Recommendations

- Allow all the components to come to room temperature before use.
- All microplate strips that are not immediately required should be returned to the zip-lock pouch, which must be carefully resealed to avoid moisture absorption.
- Do not use kit components beyond the indicated kit expiration date.
- Use only the microtiter wells provided with the kit.
- Rinse all detergent residues from glassware.
- Use deionized water of the highest quality.
- Do not mix reagents from different kits.
- The buffers and reagents used in this kit contain NaN_3 as preservatives. Care should be taken to avoid direct contact with these reagents.
- Do not mouth pipette or ingest any of the reagents.
- Do not smoke, eat, or drink when performing the assay or in areas where samples or reagents are handled.
- Dispose of tetra-methylbenzidine (TMB) containing solutions in compliance with local regulations.
- Avoid contact with the acidic Stop Solution and Substrate Solution, which contains hydrogen peroxide.
- Wear gloves and eye protection when handling immunodiagnostic materials and samples of human origin, and these reagents. In case of contact with the Stop Solution and the Substrate Solution, wash skin thoroughly with water and seek medical attention, when necessary.
- **Biological samples may be contaminated with infectious agents. Do not ingest, expose to open wounds or breathe aerosols. Wear protective gloves and dispose of biological samples properly.**
- **CAUTION: Sulfuric Acid is a strong acid. Wear disposable gloves and eye protection when handling Stop Solution.**

Sample Collection and Storage

Cell culture supernatant: Remove any particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at below -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Other biological samples: Remove any particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at below -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

For reference

Serum: Use a serum separator tube and allow samples to clot for 60 ± 30 minutes. Centrifuge the samples at 4°C for 10 minutes at 1,000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or store samples on ice for up to 6 hours before assaying. Aliquots of serum may also be stored at below -70°C for extended periods of time. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Plasma: Collect plasma using EDTA-Na₂ as the anticoagulant. If possible, collect the plasma into a mixture of EDTA-Na₂ and Futhan (FUT175) to stabilize the sample against spontaneous *in vitro* complement activation. Immediately centrifuge samples at 4°C for 15 minutes at 1,000 x g. Assay immediately or store samples on ice for up to 6 hours before assaying. Aliquots of plasma may also be stored at below -70°C for extended periods of time. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: Citrate plasma has not been validated for use in this assay.

NOTE: Although we suggest to conduct experiments as outlined above, the optimal experimental conditions will vary depending on the parameters being investigated, and must be determined by the individual user. **NO WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE OF PERFORMANCE USING THESE PROCEDURES IS MADE OR IMPLIED.**

Detailed Protocol

The CycLex Research Product **CircuLex Human LOXL2 ELISA Kit** is provided with removable strips of wells so the assay can be carried out on separate occasions using only the number of strips required for the particular determination. Since experimental conditions may vary, an aliquot of the Human LOXL2 Standard within the kit should be included in each assay as a calibrator. Disposable pipette tips and reagent troughs should be used for all liquid transfers to avoid cross-contamination of reagents or samples.

Preparation of Working Solutions

All reagents need to be brought to room temperature prior to the assay. Assay reagents are supplied ready-to-use, with the exception of **10X Wash Buffer** and **Human LOXL2 Standard**.

1. Prepare a working solution of Wash Buffer by adding 100 mL of the **10X Wash Buffer** to 900 mL of deionized (distilled) water. Mix well. Store at 4°C for two weeks or -20°C for long-term storage.
2. Reconstitute **Human LOXL2 Standard** with **0.4 mL** of **Dilution Buffer**. The concentration of the human LOXL2 in vial should be **250 ng/mL**, which is referred as a **Master Standard** of human LOXL2.

Prepare Standard Solutions as follows:

Use the **Master Standard** to produce a dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The 25 ng/mL standard (Std.1) serves as the highest standard. The **Dilution Buffer** serves as the zero standard (Blank).

	Volume of Standard	Dilution Buffer	Concentration
Std.1	60 µL of Master Standard (250 ng/mL)	540 µL	25 ng/mL
Std.2	300 µL of Std. 1 (25 ng/mL)	300 µL	12.5 ng/mL
Std.3	300 µL of Std. 2 (12.5 ng/mL)	300 µL	6.250 ng/mL
Std.4	300 µL of Std. 3 (6.250 ng/mL)	300 µL	3.125 ng/mL
Std.5	300 µL of Std. 4 (3.125 ng/mL)	300 µL	1.563 ng/mL
Std.6	300 µL of Std. 5 (1.563 ng/mL)	300 µL	0.781 ng/mL
Std.7	300 µL of Std. 6 (0.781 ng/mL)	300 µL	0.391 ng/mL
Blank	-	300 µL	0 ng/mL

Note: Do not use a Repeating pipette. Change tips for every dilution. Unused portions of Master Standard should be aliquoted and stored at below -70°C immediately. Avoid multiple freeze and thaw cycles.

Sample Dilution

- Cell culture supernatant require 5- to 30-fold dilution.

Standard Assay Procedure for Human LOXL2

1. Remove the appropriate number of microtiter wells from the foil pouch and place them into the well holder. Return any unused wells to the foil pouch, refold, seal with tape and store at 4°C.
2. Dilute samples with **Dilution Buffer**. (See "Sample Dilution" above.)
3. Pipette **100 µL** of **Standard Solutions (Std1-Std7, Blank)** and **diluted samples** in duplicates, into the appropriate wells.
4. Incubate the plate at room temperature (ca.25°C) for 1 hour, shaking at ca. 300 rpm on an orbital microplate shaker.
5. Wash 4-times by filling each well with Wash Buffer (350 µL) using a squirt bottle, multi-channel pipette, manifold dispenser or microplate washer.
6. Add **100 µL** of **HRP conjugated Detection Antibody** into each well.
7. Incubate the plate at room temperature (ca.25°C) for 1 hour, shaking at ca. 300 rpm on an orbital microplate shaker.
8. Wash 4-times by filling each well with Wash Buffer (350 µL) using a squirt bottle, multi-channel pipette, manifold dispenser or microplate washer.
9. Add **100 µL** of **Substrate Reagent**. Avoid exposing the microtiter plate to direct sunlight. Covering the plate with e.g. aluminum foil is recommended. Return Substrate Reagent to 4°C immediately after the necessary volume is removed
10. Incubate the plate at room temperature (ca.25°C) for 10-20 minutes, shaking at ca. 300 rpm on an orbital microplate shaker. The incubation time may be extended up to 30 minutes if the reaction temperature is below 20°C.
11. Add **100 µL** of **Stop Solution** to each well in the same order as the previously added Substrate Reagent.
12. Measure absorbance in each well using a spectrophotometric microplate reader at dual wavelengths of 450/540 nm. Dual wavelengths of 450/550 or 450/595 nm can also be used. Read the microplate at 450 nm if only a single wavelength can be used. Wells must be read within 30 minutes of adding the Stop Solution.

Note-1: Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.

Note-2: Reliable standard curves are obtained when either O.D. values do not exceed 0.25 units for the blank (zero concentration), or 3.0 units for the highest standard concentration. The plate should be monitored at 5-minute intervals for approximately 30 minutes.

Note-3: If the microplate reader is not capable of reading absorbance greater than the absorbance of the highest standard, perform a second reading at 405 nm. A new standard curve, constructed using the values measured at 405 nm, is used to determine human LOXL2 concentration of off-scale samples. The readings at 405 nm should not replace the on-scale readings at 450 nm.

Calculations

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Plot the optical density for the standards versus the concentration of the standards and draw the best curve. The data can be linearized by using log/log paper and regression analysis may be applied to the log transformation. To determine the human LOXL2 concentration of each sample, first find the absorbance value on the y-axis and extend a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, extend a vertical line to the x-axis and read the corresponding human LOXL2 concentration. If the samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

1. The dose-response curve of this assay fits best to a sigmoidal 4-parameter logistic equation. The results of unknown samples can be calculated with any computer program having a 4-parameter logistic function. It is important to make an appropriate mathematical adjustment to accommodate for the dilution factor.
2. Most microtiter plate readers perform automatic calculations of analyte concentration. The calibration curve is constructed by plotting the absorbance (Y) of calibrators versus log of the known concentration (X) of calibrators, using the 4-parameter function. Alternatively, the logit log function can be used to linearize the calibration curve (i.e. logit of absorbance (Y) is plotted versus log of the known concentration (X) of calibrators).

Measurement Range

The measurement range is 0.391 ng/mL to 25 ng/mL. Any sample reading higher than the highest standard should be diluted with Dilution Buffer in higher dilution and re-assayed. Dilution factors need to be taken into consideration in calculating the human LOXL2 concentration.

Troubleshooting

1. The Human LOXL2 Standard should be run in duplicate, using the protocol described in the **Detailed Protocol**. Incubation times or temperatures significantly different from those specified may give erroneous results.
2. Poor duplicates, accompanied by elevated values for wells containing no sample, indicate insufficient washing. If all instructions in the **Detailed Protocol** were followed accurately, such results indicate a need for washer maintenance.
3. Overall low signal may indicate that desiccation of the plate has occurred between the final wash and addition of Substrate Reagent. Do not allow the plate to dry out. Add Substrate Reagent immediately after wash.

Reagent Stability

All of the reagents included in the CycLex Research Product **CircuLex Human LOXL2 ELISA Kit** have been tested for stability. Reagents should not be used beyond the stated expiration date. Upon receipt, kit reagents should be stored at 4°C, except the reconstituted Human LOXL2 Standard must be stored at below -70°C. Coated assay plates should be stored in the original foil bag sealed by the zip lock and containing a desiccant pack.

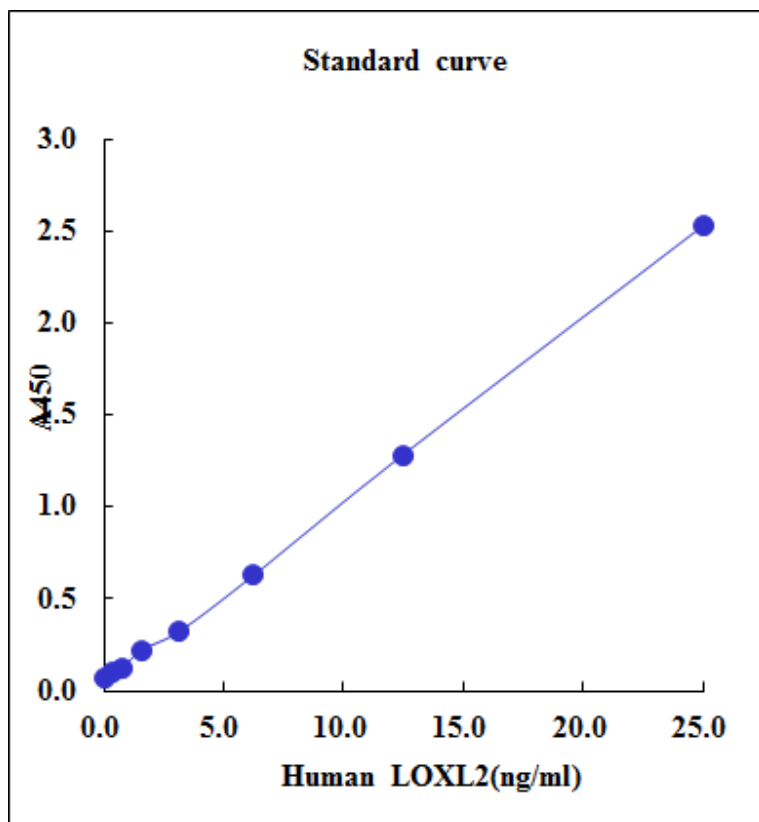
Assay Characteristics

1. Sensitivity

The limit of detection (defined as such a concentration of human LOXL2 giving absorbance higher than mean absorbance of blank* plus three standard deviations of the absorbance of blank: A blank + 3SD blank) is better than 0.286 ng/mL of sample.

* Dilution Buffer is pipetted into blank wells.

Typical Standard Curve



2. Precision

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay)

Three samples* of known concentration were tested six times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

- Intra-assay (Within-Run, n=6) CV=3.2-5.2 %

*Sample: Cell culture supernatant

Human LOXL2 conc. (ng/ml)			
No.	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
1	117.8	107.8	261.7
2	112.1	98.7	238.0
3	108.5	109.7	264.6
4	117.3	108.0	262.9
5	113.2	105.9	235.1
6	117.1	107.9	252.4
max.	117.8	109.7	264.6
min.	108.5	98.7	235.1
mean	114.3	106.3	252.4
SD	3.7	3.9	13.0
CV(%)	3.2	3.7	5.2

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays)

Three samples* of known concentration were tested in six separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

- Inter-assay (Run-to-Run, n=6) CV=2.8-8.6 %

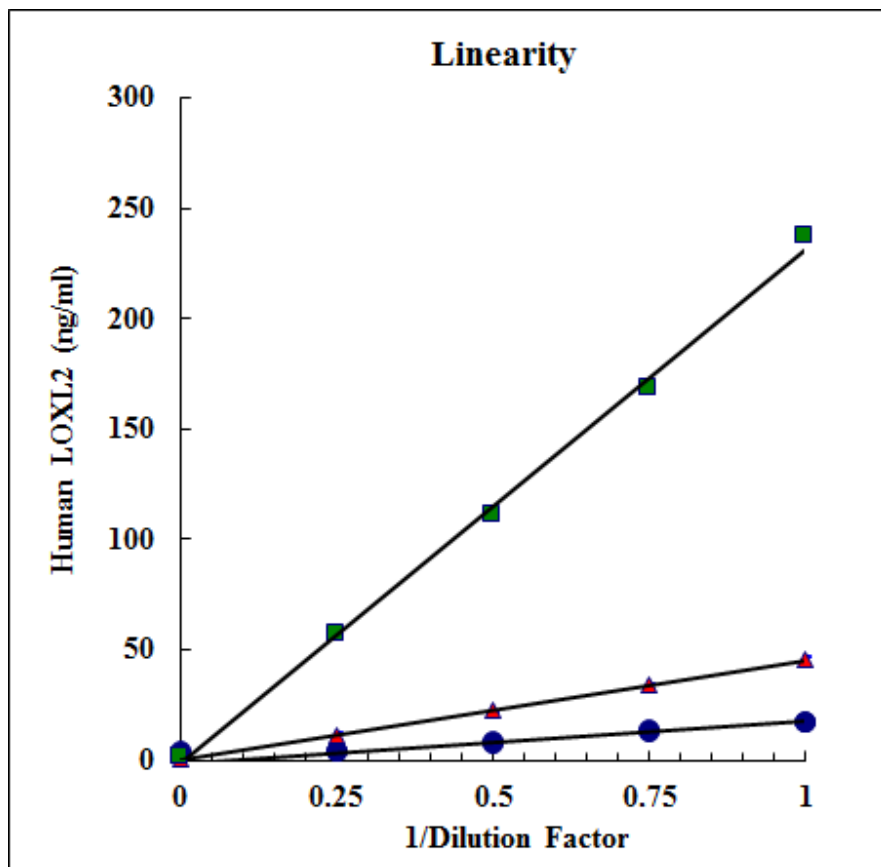
*Sample: Cell culture supernatant

Human LOXL2 conc. (ng/ml)			
Assay	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
1	17.0	49.4	258.2
2	21.7	57.6	267.9
3	18.9	48.5	265.0
4	21.2	52.2	264.9
5	19.1	50.6	271.8
6	19.5	50.4	251.1
max.	21.7	57.6	271.8
min.	17.0	48.5	251.1
mean	19.6	51.4	263.2
SD	1.7	3.3	7.4
CV(%)	8.6	6.4	2.8

3. Linearity

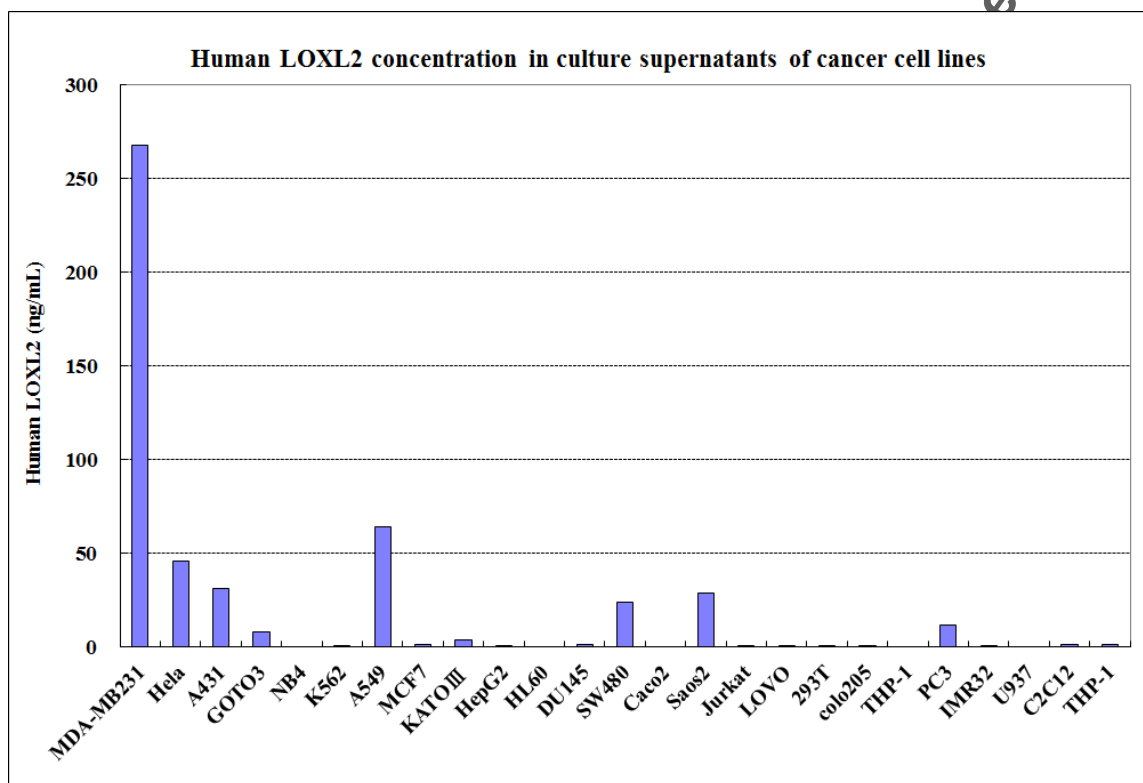
Three samples* were diluted with Dilution Buffer and assayed after dilution. The neat sample is set to 1. The results are summarized in the figure below.

*Sample: Cell culture supernatant



Example of Test Results

Fig.1 Human LOXL2 concentration in cell culture supernatants



References

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Related Products

- * CircuLex S100A4 ELISA Kit Ver.2: Cat# CY-8086
- * CircuLex S100A6 ELISA Kit: Cat# CY-8097
- * CircuLex S100A10 ELISA Kit: Cat# CY-8095
- * CircuLex S100A11 ELISA Kit: Cat# CY-8063
- * CircuLex S100A14 ELISA Kit: Cat# CY-8064
- * CircuLex S100P ELISA Kit: Cat# CY-8060

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